

Are your lips white, your cheeks colorless, your ears transparent? And do you look thin and careworn? It doesn't take much imagination to see red lips, blooming cheeks, and a bright, cheerful face, in every bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

If your appetite is poor, your digestion imperfect, and you feel nervous and weak, you ought to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

It expels all impurities from the blood, and gives strength and vigor to the nerves. It will surely restore you to health.

As now made, Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains no alcohol.

There are many imitations Sarsaparillas.

Be sure you get "AYER'S."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

AYER'S PILLS, the best family laxative.

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BUSINESS CARDS

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Machinery of every description made to order.

ONE ARRESTED, OTHERS WILL BE

Inmate of Kaea Tenement House Held to Trial by U. S. Commissioner.

George Friedenburg was arrested yesterday and given a hearing before United States Commissioner Judd on a charge of unlawful cohabitation, his companion being a girl named Rachel Souza. T. M. Harrison appeared in Friedenburg's defense, but his questions only lightened the net about his client and Friedenburg was held to trial.

Friedenburg is an inmate of the Annie Kaea tenement and is only one of several who are to be arrested on similar charges. Harrison, in the course of the examination, asked United States District Attorney Breckons why "this poor fellow was arrested and nobody else?"

"Oh, you needn't worry about the others," said Breckons; "I'll look after them all right."

Breckons also made the statement that there are about a dozen men living in the Kaea house, almost none of them married to the woman he is living with.

One of the principal witnesses against Friedenburg was a Hawaiian named Johnny. Johnny naively testified that he had a wahine himself and was not married to her, so there are storms ahead for him, too.

Rachel was put on her oath and strenuously denied that there was anything wrong between her and Friedenburg.

"That girl committed perjury," said Breckons as she left his office, so it looks as if Rachel would better seek a cyclone collar, too.

"The Kaea house is not the only one that is being investigated. The Theodore Richards tenement will also come in for a federal housecleaning, and there are a few notorious blocks in Kakaako that might well occupy the attention of the grand jury."

TO MANAGE BRANCH OF HACKFELD IN HILO

Paul Bartels, bookkeeper in the merchandise department of H. Hackfeld & Co., leaves for Hilo next Tuesday to take temporary management of the Hilo branch of H. Hackfeld & Co.

Mr. Castendyk, now in charge there, is obliged to take a vacation on account of severe illness. Mr. Bartels will probably remain for several months.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

When you fail to provide your family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them, as bowel complaint is sure to be prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose or two of this remedy will place the trouble within control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. It has never been known to fail even in the most severe and dangerous cases, and its cost is not beyond the means of any one. For sale by all druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

MARINE REPORT.

By Merchants' Exchange.

Tuesday, June 7, 1910.
San Francisco—Sailed, June 7, 1 p. m., S. S. Korea, for Honolulu.
Hadlock—Sailed, June 7, schr. A. P. Coates, for Pearl Harbor.
Port Allen—Sailed, June 4, S. S. Virginian, for Salina Cruz.
San Francisco—Arrived, June 7, S. S. Missouri, from Seattle for Honolulu.
San Francisco—Arrived, May 22, S. S. Hercules, from Hongkong.
San Francisco—Arrived, June 7, Am. schr. Omega, from Coos Bay.

Wednesday, June 8, 1910.
Grays Harbor—Sailed, June 7, schr. Omega, for Honolulu.
Philadelphia—Arrived, June 7, E. M. Phelps, hence Feb. 12.
Yokohama—Sailed, June 8, S. S. China, for Honolulu.
San Francisco—Sailed, June 8, S. S. Wilhelmina, for Honolulu.
Kahului—Sailed, June 8, Am. schr. Borealis, for Aberdeen.
Thursday, January 9, 1910.
Kahului—Sailed June 8, sch. Borealis, for Aberdeen.
Seattle—Sailed, June 8, S. S. Hyades, for Honolulu.
Salina Cruz—Arrived, June 9, S. S. Arizonan, from Kaanapali, May 22.

PORT OF HONOLULU.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday, June 7.
Str. Likelike, from interisland ports.
Str. Henley (British), from Newcastle, 6:30 p. m.

Wednesday, June 8.
Br. S. S. Hercules, from Hongkong, 7:30 a. m.
M. N. S. S. Lurline, Weeden, from San Francisco, 11:30 a. m.

Thursday, June 9.
Str. Claudine, from Maui and Hawaii ports, a. m.
Str. Maui, from Kauai ports, a. m.
Str. Ke Au Hou, from Kauai ports, a. m.

DEPARTED.

Str. Mauna Kea for Hilo and way ports, 12 noon.
Str. Kinu for Kauai ports, 5 p. m.
Str. Mikahala for Molokai and Maui ports, 5 p. m.

Str. Waiile, for interisland ports.
T. K. K. S. S. Tenyo Maru for Yokohama, 9 a. m.

O. S. S. Sierra, Houdlette, for San Francisco, 10:15 a. m.
Str. Nihau, for Hawaii ports, 9:30 a. m.

A. H. S. S. Mexican, for Hilo, 12 noon.
Str. Iwalani, for Kauai ports, 5:10 p. m.

Br. S. S. Hercules, for Portland, 5:30 p. m.
Am. schr. Camano, for Sound, 9 a. m.

Str. Likelike, for Honolulu, Paauhau and Oahu, 5 p. m.
Br. S. S. St. Dunstan, for Port Townsend, a. m.

M. N. S. S. Lurline, for Kahului, 9 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Per M. N. S. S. Lurline, from San Francisco, June 8.—Mrs. H. F. Weeden and family, Mrs. L. F. Folsom, T. H. Kelly, Miss E. L. Roll, G. F. Affonso, Mrs. J. W. Kershner, T. H. Doane, Miss Una Smith, Mrs. C. M. Cooke Jr., Miss Caroline Cooke, Master Chas. M. Cooke, Miss Helen Kingsbury, Miss F. A. Blake, F. Sofey, Chas. Brown, F. A. Miller, L. C. Ables, Miss M. C. Alexander, W. D. Alexander, Mrs. H. G. Junkin, Mrs. W. F. Cole, Miss Cole, H. L. Rink.

Per str. Claudine, from Hawaii and Maui ports, June 9.—A. C. Alexander, J. A. Combs, Mrs. A. F. Judd, Mrs. K. Kau, Wm. Seaby, M. J. Perry, E. F. Aguiar, P. Akim, Miss H. Johnson, Mrs. J. W. S. Marshall, Mrs. J. A. Tatle, A. K. Arnold, Mrs. Arnold, E. E. Cooke, J. Plunkett, Miss J. Perry, Tom Cook, Wong Kong J. Rego, N. Nichols, Geo. Edwards, Mrs. Abby, Miss Ball, Miss M. Lowe, Miss Yates C. J. Schoenling, H. A. Sullivan, R. W. Shingle, Rev. W. S. Short, J. F. McCrosson, E. J. Ford, E. Davauchelle, R. O. Matheson, P. E. Thompson, Miss E. Barker, Miss M. Barker, A. C. Reimann.

Per str. Maui, from Kauai ports, June 9.—Mrs. W. L. Mammy, Mrs. M. A. Fernandez, Mrs. W. Kruse, Mrs. Chas. Blake, Mrs. J. H. Morgan, Miss Morgan, W. Kamah, Miss H. W. Nordmeyer.

DEPARTED.

Per str. Mikahala, for Molokai and Maui ports, June 7.—Allen Lewis, Harold Lewis, Emma Nakuna, Miss Nakuna.

Per str. Kinu, for Kauai ports, June 7.—W. F. Frost, Mrs. Johnson, Miss E. Rice, J. L. Silva, Mrs. Silva, Mrs. C. Coborn, J. P. Cooke, Mrs. J. Cushingam, J. W. Cuthbert, Miss Silva, L. D. Larsen, F. N. Payne, Miss Johnson, W. O. Franklin and wife, Mr. Stern, P. G. Kiley, R. Hogeman, Charles B. Hall, Miss L. Miller, Miss A. Miller, Charles Miller, Ellen McKeague, Emily McKeague, Mrs. McKeague, B. Waggoner, Doctor Glasier, Mr. Glasier, R. N. Mossman, Dr. Victor Clark, Master Fountain, Master Jacob Peller, Miss Mary Allen, E. C. Smith, D. Leith, Helen Horner, Rachael Kekela, Seayana Sheldon, Miller, Mrs. G. P. Gregg and child.

Per str. W. G. Hall, for Kauai ports, June 7.—F. Franking, A. C. Alexander, C. R. Hemenway, Ernest Gay.

Per T. K. K. S. S. Tenyo Maru, Japan ports and Hongkong, June 7.—Charles Hugo, G. Nadiolney, Al. Nicola, Will Nicola, Miss Setton, Miss S. Whipple, Miss E. Whipple, Miss M. M. Toller, C. M. Chittenden, A. G. Thurman, W. R. Robinson, Arthur W. Pitt, Jas. Scott, M. Otagiri, K. Inouye, T. Miyagi, Mrs. K. Nakamoto.

Per O. S. S. Sierra, for San Francisco, June 8.—Mrs. L. E. Allen, H. P. Y. Ashburn, Master P. Ashburn, Mrs. M. J. Baleson, Judge W. H. Beatty, J. H. Belser, Mrs. Belser and child, V. de Bretteville, W. A. Bryan, Mrs. Bryan, V. Buchner, O. Burmaster, G. J. Campbell, W. Compaie, Mrs. K. M. Cantrill, G. T. Casson, E. Center, Miss S. Ching, Prof. E. P. Coddington, L. G. Cohen, M. K. Cook, Mrs. E. M. Coughingham, Mrs. M. A. Dean, J. Devereux, Mrs. Devereux, Mrs. E. C. Donaldson, D. A. Dowsett, Wm. Eades, Mrs. Eades and 2 children, L. Faria, Hon. W. F. Frenar, Mrs. Frenar, C. A. Gorry, Geo. Gibb, Mrs. Gibb and 2 children, K. B. Gorden, Wm. W. Goodale, J. L. Gordon.

LAND BOARD IS NAMED BY FREAR

Six Men Chosen to Administer the Public Domain of Hawaii.

Governor Frear, before his departure for the East, appointed the six members of the board of public lands, the most important board now existing in the Territory. The members of the board are:

Alfred W. Carter, William A. Kinney, Samuel C. Dwight, Jacob F. Brown, Frank Andrade and Richard H. Trent. These appointments were reported at a meeting Monday, though the Governor denied up to a short time before his departure that the membership of the board was settled upon. For some unknown reason he preferred that the names of those appointed should not be made public until he was safely at sea, though what reason could have dictated this policy is a good deal of a mystery. The Governor denied late Monday afternoon that he had finally settled upon any appointments, and a similar denial was made at his office late Tuesday afternoon.

The land law amendments to the Organic Act provide that the public lands board shall pass upon nearly all transfers of public lands, including all leases of agricultural lands exceeding in area forty acres and of all pastoral or waste lands of a greater area than 200 acres.

CAMPBELL AND RAMUS AT ODDS

(Continued from Page One.)

land, which is federal property. Ramus holds, aided and abetted by the local representative of the department of justice, that the Territory ought to pay for the meter, while Campbell, on behalf of the Territory, can see no reason why the local government should be called upon to pay \$600 or \$800 for a meter that it does not need and that only the marine hospital service thinks is needed.

But the representatives of the federal government go further. They hold that the Territory is bound, if so ordered, to supply not only free meters but also free water to the parent government, on the ground that the federal government has the right at all times to condemn any and all territorial property for the use of the United States.

According to Marston Campbell, the pipe line supplying Quarantine Island has for some time been in bad condition, being practically worn out, and Doctor Ramus was requested to have a new line laid. An appropriation of \$4000 was made by the federal government for the purpose, and there is no trouble about this. But Campbell is determined that the users of water shall pay for what they use, and he notified the federal authorities that the water they use must be measured.

Question of Meters.

Doctor Ramus promptly requested that the Territory install a six-inch water meter in the main leading to Quarantine Island. This Campbell refused to do, but said that he would install one three-inch and three one-inch meters in the service pipes. This did not satisfy Ramus and he protested that he must have a six-inch meter. Campbell in the politest of letters suggested that if he insisted on that, the federal government could pay for it, for the Territory certainly would not. Campbell says that in no other main does the Territory install meters, but only in service pipes, and there is no reason why the Territory should go to the expense of \$600 to \$800 for a six-inch meter for the federal government, even if Uncle Sam is very poor.

Very Polite.

Everything has been on the most polite and ceremonious basis between Campbell and Ramus, but the latter has, without saying anything to Campbell, appealed to the local representative of the department of justice, and has in reply received an opinion to the effect that all rights of eminent domain originally belonged to the federal government and are exercised by the territorial government only by consent of the central government, and that the officials of the federal government have the right to have the water service condemned by proclamation and make the Territory supply water free of cost to Quarantine Island, not to speak of such little things as six-inch water meters.

That's the way the situation is at present, but Marston Campbell is in no wise bluffed. It will be a cold day, he thinks, when the President of the United States will issue any condemnatory proclamation affecting territorial property except upon the recommendation of the Governor of Hawaii. He says he has offered to allow Doctor Ramus a flat rate, based on previous consumption, until October 31, 1910, to allow him time to get in his meter, and if he wants that six-inch meter, he may pay for it.

Mrs. Gordon, Miss M. E. Grundy, J. D. Hill, J. L. Hopwood, Mrs. Hopwood, Mrs. Koki, S. D. Koki, Mrs. W. Kruse and 2 children, Mrs. W. M. Langton, J. P. Leite, Miss E. L. Lewis, C. G. Livingston, Mrs. Livingston, Prof. H. C. Lord, J. Luddecka, Miss E. Mattoon, Miss M. Maxwell, R. H. McGrath, Mrs. McGrath, A. M. Merrill, Mrs. C. M. Moragne and child, A. C. Musson, Dr. J. C. O'Day, Mrs. O'Day and 3 children, F. M. Parker, Miss Mary A. Parker, W. A. Paul, Mrs. Paul and 2 children, Miss F. A. Perrotti, Miss L. M. Pope, Dr. G. W. Raymond, Miss M. Reed, J. A. Richards, Mrs. Richards, A. B. Richer, Mrs. L. Rider, Miss A. B. Robertson, Mr. Rowe, Mrs. Rowe, K. K. Rose, Mrs. Rose, J. M. Riddiman, Rev. D. S. Seidler, C. J. Sedlmayer, Mrs. Sedlmayer, Mrs. Sewall, Miss Sewall, H. W. Tully, Mrs. Tully, F. C. Tyson, Mrs. Tyson and 2 children, Miss H. Van Deerlin, K. V. Weis, C. B. Wells, Mrs. Wells, Mrs. A. B. Wright, Mrs. M. Yarrowburgh, Miss I. Yarrowburgh, S. B. Marston, Mrs. Marston.

Per str. W. G. Hall, from Kauai ports, June 9.—F. Franking, A. C. Alexander, C. R. Hemenway, Ernest Gay.

PLANTATION STORE PRICES

(Continued from Page One.)

tations had different policies. Some made money in their stores and other did not. He thought that a majority of the plantations were interested in their stores mainly for the purpose of seeing that their laborers were able to purchase necessities of life as cheaply as possible. As a matter of fact, he thought, the majority of the laborers appeared to wish to buy at independent stores anyhow.

Melneky asked the direct question as to whether the planters' association had adopted, as a policy for the plantations, the proposition of selling goods at cost to employees.

"The trustees resolved to agree to the Governor's suggestion that the plantations do not make a profit," said Mr. Davies. He added that his experience was that the cost price at plantation stores, allowing for losses for bad debts, etc., was a price at which the independent stores would be "only too pleased" to sell goods.

Mr. Davies in conclusion remarked that the situation was that in adopting the so-called selling at cost policy, the plantations were simply trying to accede to a request of the Governor of the Territory.

The committee report, which was filed without further discussion, was as follows:

Honolulu, June 9, 1910.

To the Officers and Members of the Merchants' Association of Honolulu.

Your committee on trade and finance, having interviewed a number of Honolulu merchants and those interested in plantation companies, has, after careful consideration, decided to make a special report upon the recent action of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association in their resolve to recommend that the stores owned by plantation companies sell their supplies at cost.

We regret that the independent merchants were not allowed the opportunity of expressing their views upon the subject before such a decision was made, for the reason that, in our opinion, such a system will not only work to the immediate disadvantage of the independent stores, but also to the plantation proper by the ultimate discontent of the plantation laborer, by his having no other course than to buy from the plantation stores. We submit as a whole that in the majority of cases a statement that goods will be sold at cost would be misleading, inasmuch as indirect profits, such as commissions charged from San Francisco and local branches of certain plantation agencies, aggregate a handsome profit by the time the goods are charged to the actual plantation store, against whose invoice the cost is figured.

The mere fact of any plantation agency making the statement that their stores sell goods at cost is considered unfair advertising, and at the present time would be very apt to drive out independent stores.

We find that the instructions conveyed to plantation store managers were in effect that they should add ten per cent to the cost of the various items enumerated on the list of necessities, which ten per cent is approximately the cost of operating the plantation stores. We believe that these instructions have not been literally carried out, for if they were the selling prices for such staples as flour and rice would have been advanced instead of reduced, as we are informed that these articles have always been sold at considerably less than the cost plus operating expenses.

We consider the independent stores the greatest possible safeguard against exorbitant prices being charged for either necessities or luxuries. Do away with the independent stores and the plantation storekeeper, whose instructions are to sell goods at cost, will in the majority of cases lose the ambition necessary to make proper and keen purchases, so that without competition the consumer, or, in this particular case, the laborer, will eventually be at a much greater disadvantage than if they had the opportunity and satisfaction of comparing prices as made at different sources of supply. Furthermore, at this particular time the consumers, or laborers, are liable to gain a wrong impression concerning the immediate effect of the recent order, for the reason that there has simultaneously occurred a marked decline in several staple articles, such as flour, rice and all grain products; flour particularly having declined at least 25 cents per sack during the past month or so.

In no way do we presume to infer that the plantations have not the right to have their own stores, but we do take exception to the unfair advertising which, if continued, can only result in a monopoly for certain plantations.

Considering the subject in a very broad light we endorse the general line of thought expressed in the following article which appeared in the Paradise of Pacific last month:

"The plantation interests of the Islands would do well to listen to the voice of the merchant who advises them to drop not only the plantation store system, but all the paternalism that goes with it. It is often said that the lowest rate of wages paid here, about \$22 per month, we believe, amounts to \$40 per month when it is considered that the laborers are given homes free of rent, free medical attendance, fuel, water, etc., and a chance to buy their household supplies at a plantation store which virtually refrains from striving for big profits. It would be better, in the long run, even if at first it meant that the laborers got actually less, to give them the \$40 per month, or whatever the figure is, and let them forage for themselves. If the dream of a large proportion of citizen laborers working the plantations comes true, this will have to be done, for the paternal system under which plantations are now conducted is always obnoxious to Americans. There may be, and probably are, many difficulties in the way of bringing about the change. Possibly it is not now practicable with all the laborers. But it will have to come in time, and when it does come it will help to give us a better and more independent class of laborers."

We feel that the system of collection of plantation store bills at present in force is in itself an unfair con-

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

J. G. Cohn, a representative of G. Sidenberg & Co. of New York and who arrived on the Mongolia, returns to the Coast today on the Sierra.

Mrs. David Center received news by the Tenyo Maru that her daughter, Miss Jenn A. Center, was married to Harold Pierce Dunning on May 12.

The Matson Company's liner Wilhelmina will sail from San Francisco for Honolulu today. This vessel should arrive here about June 15. When the Wilhelmina sails for a return voyage to the Coast she will carry a large number of first-class passengers.

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

Governor Frear has appointed Louis J. Warren as member of the insanity board.

The first official acts of E. A. Mott-Smith yesterday as acting-governor were to sign two special homestead agreements and four land patents.

Ensign J. P. Leite of the Portuguese cruiser San Gabriel left on the Sierra yesterday, en route to Portugal. The officer remained behind when the cruiser sailed for Yokohama on account of illness.

A. C. Musson and C. A. Gerry, surveyors on the Pearl Harbor work, have been transferred to Portsmouth, as has also J. D. Hill of the civil engineer's office at the naval station. They left on the Sierra yesterday.

Manuel Cook, chief clerk of the public works department, departed on the Sierra yesterday for a two months vacation on the Coast. Mr. Cook has been connected with the public works department and the departments that preceded it since 1896, and this is the first vacation he has had.

Joe Richards, brother of Theodore Richards, who came here to look over the pineapple situation with reference to the advertising end, left yesterday for New York and will immediately begin an advertising campaign for the new output of the Hawaiian Pineapple Company, called "Dole's Pure Hawaiian Pineapple Juice."

Tomorrow is Kamehameha Day, a public holiday.

In the ejectment matter of Senator H. H. Makekan versus S. Kane, the defendant has appealed to the supreme court.

The Doctor Raymond, reported to have sailed for the Coast, is Dr. G. W. Raymond, the dentist, not Dr. J. H. Raymond, the physician.

Stenographer Lloyd, who is secretary to A. L. C. Atkinson, the territorial board of immigration's agent in Manahua to recruit Russian immigrants for Hawaii, has written to relatives that he expects to return here in July. It is believed from this that Mr. Atkinson will also return at the same time, although the board has received no information from him to that effect.

W. E. Galloway, a Kentucky newspaperman, is in town and will spend a short time in the Islands on vacation. He comes here from Sacramento, where he has been until recently with the Sacramento Union. He expects while here to work up material for a series of articles on Hawaii, concerning which, he says, only about one in five hundred in the Bluegrass State knows anything at all.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN SCORES

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8.—Scores in big league games for today are:

National—Boston 4, Pittsburgh 0; Boston 2, Pittsburgh 3; Philadelphia 3, Chicago 7; New York 7, St. Louis 0; Brooklyn 2, Cincinnati 13.

American—Detroit 5, Washington 1; Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 13; St. Louis 4, New York 4 (game called in seventh on account of rain); Chicago 5, Boston 4.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—Baseball game scores on the big leagues, June 7, were:

National—Philadelphia 1, Chicago 0; Brooklyn 10, Cincinnati 0; New York 4, St. Louis 5; Boston 1, Pittsburgh 3.

American—Detroit 4, Washington 2; Cleveland 6, Philadelphia 4; St. Louis 0, New York 4. Other game was a tie at ninth inning.

Standing of National League, June 7.

Club.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	24	14	.631
Cincinnati	25	17	.595
Chicago	20	16	.555
Pittsburgh	19	17	.528
Brooklyn	20	21	.487
St. Louis	16	22	.421
Boston	17	25	.404
Philadelphia	16	25	.390

Standing of American League, June 7.

Club.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	26	11	.702
Philadelphia	25	11	.694
Detroit	24	15	.615
Boston	21	16	.567
Cleveland	15	19	.441
Washington	15	24	.384
Chicago	12	20	.375
St. Louis	7	29	.194

BORN.

PALMER—At Honolulu, T. H., June 7, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Palmer, a daughter.

SYLVA—In this city, June 7, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. John F. Sylva, a son.

NORRIS—In Honolulu, June 7, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Norris, a daughter.

NUNEZ—In Honolulu, June 8, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. L. Nunez, a son.

TIT-BIT MAN DEAD.

LONDON, June 9.—Sir George Newnes, the famous publisher, died here today.

dition, and a system should be devised whereby the independent stores would take no more risk in collections than do the plantation stores.

We make this report, and would recommend giving the same as wide publicity as possible, both for the consideration of the plantation interests and for the laborers, whom we consider should safeguard their future expenditures by fair patronage of the plantation and independent stores alike throughout the Territory of Hawaii.

Respectfully submitted,

J. D. M'WHIRRY,

Members Committee on Trade and Finance.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Dream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, Thursday, June 9, 1910.

NAME OF STOCK.	Capital, Pa. Paid Up Val.	Bid	Ask
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